

Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance PLC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Fitch - BBB+(lka) Co. Reg. No. PQ 10

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS	2023 Rs. 000	2022 Rs. 000
Income	7,478,049	6,542,593
Interest and similar income Interest and similar expenses	6,559,123 (4,918,658)	6,451,083 (4,695,684)
Net interest income	1,640,465	1,755,399
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expenses	123,292 (16,757)	129,157 (19,205)
Net fee and commission income Net trading income Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value	106,535 120,243	109,952 3,658
through profit or loss Other operating income	559,224 116,167	(132,131) 90,826
Total operating income Allowance for impairment losses charge for loans and other assets	2,542,634 25,094	1,827,704 16,504
Net operating income	2,567,728	1,844,208
Personnel expenses Depreciation and amortisation Other operating expenses	(1,289,690) (272,869) (739,416)	(1,333,268) (265,420) (660,683)
Total operating expenses	(2,301,975)	(2,259,371)
Operating profit/(loss) before VAT on financial services and impairment of investment in group companies Impairment reversal/(charge) of investment in subsidiary	265,753 95,065	(415,163) (113,773)
Profit/(loss) from operations after impairment of investment in group companies Taxes on financial services	360,818 (292,911)	(528,936) (127,978)
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax (expense)/reversal	67,907 (47,019)	(656,914) 161,306
Profit/(loss) for the year	20,888	(495,608)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Rs. 000	Rs. 000
Profit/(loss) for the year	20,888	(495,608)
Other comprehensive income/(expenses) Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit		
or loss in subsequent periods (net of tax):		
Gains/(losses) on re-measuring financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(1,515)	(10,735)
Net other comprehensive income/(expenses) to be	(1,515)	(10,733)
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(1,515)	(10,735)
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to		
profit or loss in subsequent periods (net of tax): Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	(63,207)	47,045
Deferred tax effect relating to components of other		
comprehensive income	18,962	(14,113)
Net other comprehensive income/(expenses) not to		
be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(44,245)	32,932
Other comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year, net of tax	(45,760)	22,197
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year, net of tax	(24,872)	(473,411)

0.04

2023

(0.94)

2022

0000

Earnings per share:

Basic/diluted earnings/(loss) per share:

STATEMENT OF COMPDEHENSIVE INCOME

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	2023 Rs. 000	2022 Rs. 000
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	720,397	748,724
Placements with banks & financial institutions	574,588	103,682
Financial investments at fair value through profit or loss	8,161,368	287,510
Loans & receivables at amortised cost	19,054,715	24,423,300
Financial investments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	14,348	15,863
Financial investments at amortised cost	3,727,940	4,307,394
Real estate stock	58,158	96,937
Investment in associate	81,084	81,084
Investment in subsidiary	352,696	257,631
Investment properties	95,446	104,798
Property, equipment and right-of-use assets	585,436	504,669
Intangible assets	67,117	103,208
Deferred tax assets	54,951	33,824
Other assets	150,878	163,157
Total assets	33,699,122	31,231,781
Liabilities		
Due to banks	2,599,970	2,925,953
Due to customers at amortised cost	25,444,119	23,524,609
Debt issued and borrowed funds at amortised cost	741,030	69,082
Current tax liabilities	30,055	49,029
Other liabilities	858,908	686,361
Retirement benefits obligations	354,368	281,203
Total liabilities	30,028,450	27,536,237
Equity		
Stated capital	4,276,448	4,276,448
Statutory reserves	344,174	339,996
Retained earnings	(1,289,648)	(944,964)
RLA reserve	371,590	54,441
OCI reserve	(31,892)	(30,377)
Total equity	3,670,672	3,695,544
Total liabilities and equity	33,699,122	31,231,781
Commitments and contingent liabilities	42,093	103,938
Net assets value per share (Rs.)	7.00	7.05

SELECTED PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	As at 31/12/2023 (Unaudited)	As at 31/12/2022 (Unaudited)	
Regulatory capital adequacy			ı
Core capital (tier 1 capital), Rs. '000 Total capital base, Rs. '000 Core capital adequacy ratio, as % of risk weighted assets	2,950,935 3,634,681	2,973,001 3,151,598	
(minimum requirement, 8.5%) Total capital adequacy ratio, as % of risk weighted assets	13.60%	11.33%	
(minimum requirement, 12.5%) Capital funds to deposit liabilities ratio	16.75%	12.01%	
(minimum requirement, 10%)	15.75%	15.89%	
Assets quality (quality of loan portfolio)			
Gross non-performing accommodations, Rs.'000	4,579,316	5,161,299	L
Gross non-performing accommodations ratio, %	21.06%	17.77%	L
Net non performing accommodations ratio, %	7.12%	8.14%	L
Profitability(%)			L
Interest margin	5.55%	5.85%	L
Return on assets (before tax)	0.21%	-2.01%	L
Return on equity (after tax)	0.57%	-12.60%	
Regulatory liquidity (Rs. '000)			L
Required minimum amount of liquid assets	2,859,509	2,636,887	ı
Available amount of liquid assets	3,257,794	3,485,014	ı
Required minimum amount of government securities	2,086,865	1,894,394	ı
Available amount of government securities	2,979,348	2,992,197	
Memorandum information			
Number of employees	785	893	
Number of branches	48	48	L

Certification: We, the undersigned, being the Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Executive Officer of

Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance PLC certify jointly that: (a) The above statements have been prepared in compliance with the format and definitions

prescribed by the Central Bank of Sri Lanka; (b) The information contained in these statements have been extracted from audited financial

statements of the Licensed Finance Company unless indicated as "Unaudited".

(Sgd.)

25/03/2024



ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம் NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE



BAN/H/BOC-S/MBSL/FA/2023 BAN/H/BOC-BAN/H/

27 March 2024

Chairman Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC

Report of the Auditor General on the Financial Statements and Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC and its subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2023 in terms of Section 12 of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

1. Financial Statements

1.1 Opinion

dit of the Financial Statements of the Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC (the "Company") and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiary (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2023 comprising the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including material accounting policy information, was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Societies Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with provisions of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018. My report to Parliament in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (6) of the Constitution will be tabled in due course. To carry out this audit I wa a firm of Chartered Accountants in public practice.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

1.2 Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of the audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, my description of how my audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Loans & Receivables at Amortised Cost ance for impairment losses on loans & receivables at amortised cost as stated in Note 12 & 23, respectively, is determined by management based on the accounting policies described in Note This was a key audit matter due to

the involvement of significant management judgements, assumptions and level of estimation uncertainty associated in estimating management expectation of future cash flows to recover such loans & receivables; and the materiality of the reported amount of allowance for impairment losses and use of complex calculations in its determination

Key areas of significant judgements, assumptions and estimates used by management in the assessment of the

unce for impairment lo loans & receivables at amortised cost included: assumed future occurrence of events and conditions relating to the forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their associated weightages, which are subject to nherently heightened levels of stimation uncertainty.

How my audit addressed the key audit matter on loans & receivables at amortised cost, my audit procedures

- I assessed the alignment of the Company's allowance for impairment loss computations and underlying methodology including responses to current economic conditions with its accounting policies, based on the best available information up to the date of my report. I evaluated the design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of controls over estimation of allowance for impairment losses, which included assessing the level of oversight, review and approval of allowance for impairment losses, policies and procedures by the Board and management. I checked the completeness, accuracy and reasonableness of the underlying data used in the allowance for impairment loss computations by agreeing details to relevant source documents and accounting records of the Company. I evaluated the reasonableness of credit quality assessments and related stage classifications.
- related stage classifications.
 In addition to the above, the following procedures were
- For loans and receivables assessed on an individual basis for
- . I checked the arithmetical accuracy of the underlying individual
- I checked the anthmetical accuracy of the underlying individual impairment calculations.
 I evaluated the reasonableness of key inputs used in the allowance for impairment losses made with particular focus on current economic conditions. Such evaluations were carried out considering the value and timing of cash flow forecasts particularly relating to elevated risk industries and status of recovery action of the collaterals. . For loans & receivables assessed on a collective basis for impairment:
- · I tested the key inputs and the calculations used in the
- allowance for impairment losses.

 I assessed the reasonableness of judgements, assumptions and estimates used by the Management in the methodology and the management overlays. My testing included evaluating the reasonableness of forward-looking information used, economic scenarios considered, and probability weighting assigned to each of those scenarios.
 - I assessed the adequacy of the related financial statement disclosures set out in notes 3.5.11,12,23 and 47.2.

Information Technology (IT) systems Company's financial reporting process is

significantly reliant on multiple IT systems with automated processes and internal controls. Further, key financial statement disclosures are prepared using data and reports generated by IT systems, that are compiled and formulated with the use of spreadsheets. Accordingly, IT systems related internal controls over financial reporting were considered a key audit matter

My audit procedures included the following key procedures:

my auant procedures included the following key procedures:

I obtained an understanding of the internal control environment of the processes and test checked relevant controls relating to financial reporting and related declosures.

I involved our internal specialized resources and;

I identified, evaluated and tested the design and operating effectiveness of IT systems related internal controls, including those related to user access and change management, and

I obtained a high-level understanding of the cybersecurity risks affecting the Company and the actions taken to address these risks primarily through inquiry.

I tested source data of the reports used to generate disclosures for accuracy and completeness, including review of the general ledger reconciliations.

1.4 Other information included in the Company's 2023 Annual Report

The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2023 Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon, which is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report. Management is responsible for the other information. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

required to communicate that matter to those charged with governance for correction. If further material uncorrected misstatements are existed those will be included in my report to Parliament in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (6) of the Constitution that will be tabled in due course.

1.5 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable ration of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a

going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the group's ability to continue as a going concern disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. As per Section 16(1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, the Company and the Group is required to maintain proper books and records of all their income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic Financial Statements to be prepared of the Company and the Group.

1.6 Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain onal scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. toentry and assess the lasts or manerial missatainment or the minancial statements, whether one to induce or end design and perform audit procedures responsive to those fisks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient an appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting fro fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omission misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are separated in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal control of the Company and the Group.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the managem
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based
 on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
 cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based
 on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may
 cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for
 the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit

communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, significant audit findings, ncluding any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit. P. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018 and Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007 include specific provisions for

- 2.1.1 I have obtained all the information and explanation that required for the audit and as far as appears from my examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company as per the requirement of section 163 (2) (d) of the Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007 and the section 12 (a) of National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.1.2 The financial statements of the Company comply with the requirement of section 151 of the Companies Act, No. 07 of 2007.
- 2.1.3 The financial statements presented is consistent with the preceding year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (ii) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.1.4 The financial statements presented includes all the recommendations made by me in the previous year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (iv) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
 - Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained were limited to matters that are material, nothing has come to my attention;
- 2.2.1 to state that any member of the governing body of the Company has any direct or indirect interest in any contract entered into by the Company which are out of the normal course of business as per the requirement of section 12 (d) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.2.2 to state that the Company has not complied with any applicable written law, general and special directions issued by the governing body of the Company as per the requirement of the section 12 (f) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018;
- 2.2.3 to state that the Company has not performed according to its powers, functions and duties as per the requirement of section 12 (g) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018. to state that the resources of the Company had not been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws as per the requirement of section 12 (h) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

W.P.C.Wickramaratne

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W K C S Vithana Chief Financial Officer 25/03/2024

HKDWMDKHapuhinna Chief Executive Officer