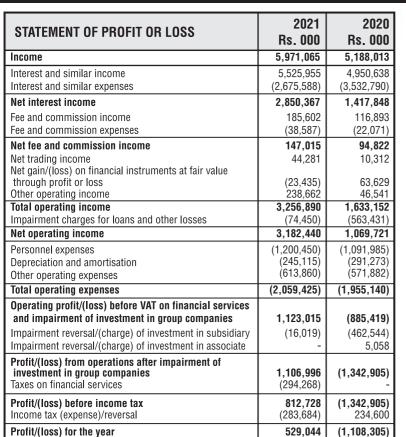


## Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance PLC **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

ICRA Rating [SL] BBB (Stable) Co. Reg. No. PQ 10

29 March 2022



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2021	2020
	Rs. 000	Rs. 000
Profit/(loss) for the year	529,044	(1,108,305)
Other comprehensive income/(expenses)		
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit		
or loss in subsequent periods (net of tax):		
Gains/(losses) on re-measuring financial investments at		
fair value through other comprehensive income	(22,217)	6,737
Net other comprehensive income/(expenses) to be		
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(22,217)	6,737
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to		
profit or loss in subsequent periods (net of tax):		
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	59,658	(53,290)
Deferred tax effect relating to components of other		
comprehensive income	(16,449)	14,921
Net other comprehensive income/(expenses) not to		
be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	43,209	(38,369)
Other comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year, net of tax	20,992	(31,632)
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year, net of tax	550,036	(1,139,937)

Earnings per share:

Basic/diluted earning/(loss) per share (Rs.)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	2021 Rs. 000	2020 Rs. 000
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,191,374	683,924
Placements with banks & financial institutions	246,166	357,928
Financial investments at fair value through profit or loss	341,547	950,012
Loans & receivables at amortised cost	28,184,638	26,785,517
Financial investments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	1,989,169	1,292,616
Financial investments at amortised cost	-	1,519
Real estate stock	175,816	330,188
Investment in associate	81,084	81,084
Investment in subsidiary	371,404	387,424
Investment properties	107,703	114,370
Property, equipment and right-of-use assets	607,185	758,690
Intangible assets	128,578	146,493
Deferred tax assets	-	52,760
Other assets	852,795	463,670
Total assets	34,277,459	32,406,195
Liabilities		
Due to banks	4,116,812	5,436,682
Due to customers at amortised cost	22,267,862	21,725,261
Debt issued and borrowed funds at amortised cost	2,381,579	2,568,828
Current tax liabilities	178,898	14.831
Deferred tax liabilities	78,301	- 11,001
Other liabilities	764,118	840,836
Retirement benefits obligations	320,934	351,906
Total liabilities		
	30,108,504	30,938,344
Equity		
Stated capital	4,276,448	2,124,457
Statutory reserves	339,996	234,613
Retained earnings	(427,847)	(893,794)
OCI reserve	(19,642)	2,575
Total equity	4,168,955	1,467,851
Total liabilities and equity	34,277,459	32,406,195
Commitments and contingent liabilities	102,400	107,800
Net assets value per share (Rs.)	16.08	8.85
,	1	

SELECTED PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	As at 31/12/2021 (Unaudited)	As at 31/12/2020 (Unaudited)
Regulatory capital adequacy Core capital (tier 1 capital), Rs. '000 Total capital base, Rs. '000 Core capital adequacy ratio, as % of risk weighted assets	3,492,691 3,681,259	1,300,793 1,649,456
(minimum requirement, 7%) Total capital adequacy ratio, as % of risk weighted assets	10.75%	4.41%
(minimum requirement, 11%) Capital funds to deposit liabilities ratio (minimum requirement, 10%)	11.33%   20.50%	5.59% 10.46%
Assets quality (quality of loan portfolio)		
Gross non-performing accommodations, Rs.'000 Gross non-performing accommodations ratio, % Net non performing accommodations ratio, %	5,352,157 15.92% 6,01%	5,383,243 17.05% 7,49%
Profitability(%)		
Interest margin Return on assets (before tax) Return on equity (after tax)	9.42% 1.59% 18.77%	4.50% (3.19%) (54.39%)
Regulatory liquidity (Rs.'000)		
Required minimum amount of liquid assets Available amount of liquid assets Required minimum amount of government securities Available amount of government securities	2,563,952 3,252,670 1,991,713 2,599,103	1,531,136 2,087,485 1,492,242 1,517,503
Memorandum information		
Number of employees Number of branches Number of other centers	982 39 9	976 40 9

Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance PLC certify jointly that:

- Certification: We, the undersigned, being the Head of Finance and the Chief Executive Officer of Merchant
- (a) The above statements have been prepared in compliance with the format and definitions prescribed by the Central Bank of Sri Lanka; (b) The information contained in these statements have been extracted from audited financial
- statements of the Licensed Finance Company unless indicated as "Unaudited".

(Sgd.) HKDWMDK Hapuhinna



## ජාතික විගණන කාර්යාලය தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம் NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE



BAN/B/BOC-S/MBSL/FA/2021

Report of the Auditor General on the Financial Statements and Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC and its subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2021 in terms of Section 12 of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

### 1. Financial Statements

Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC

The audit of the Financial Statements of the Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC (the "Company") and the The audit of the Financial Statements of the Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka and Finance PLC (the "Company") and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiary (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprising the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021 and the statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with provisions of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018. My report to Parliament in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (6) of the Constitution will be tabled in due course. To carry out this audit I use assisted by a firm of Chartered Accountants in public practice. this audit I was assisted by a firm of Chartered Accountants in public practice.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the ny and the Group as at 31 December 2021 and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my

Key audit matter

2.04

(6.68)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of the audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, my description of how my audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Allowance for Impairment Losses on Loans & Receivables at amortised cost Allowance for impairment losses on loans & receivable at amortised cost as stated in Note 12 & 23 is determined by management in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note This was a key audit matter due to:

materiality of the reported allowance

- nent losses which involved complex calculations; and degree of management judgemen
- significance of assumptions and level of estimation uncertainty associated with its measurement. Key areas of significant judgements, estimates and assumptions used by management in the assessment of the

allowance for impairment losses included the following:

management overlays to incorporate

- management overlays to incorporate the probable ongoing impacts of COVID-19 and related industry responses such as government stimulus packages and debt moratorium rellef measures granted by the Company; the incorporation of forwar
- information to reflect current and anticipated future external factors, including judgments related to the ongoing impact of COVID-19, both in the multiple economic scenarios and the probability weighting determined for each of these scenarios. IT systems and controls relevant to

A significant part of the Company's reliant on multiple IT systems with automated processes and internal controls. Further, key financial statement disclosures are prepared using data and reports generated by IT systems that are compiled and formulated with the use of

Accordingly, IT systems and related internal controls over financial reporting was considered a key audit matter.

### How my audit addressed the key audit matter I assessed the alignment of the Company's expected credit loss model computations and underlying methodology including consideration of COVID-19 impacts and related industry responses

with its accounting policies based on the best available information up to the date of my report. My audit procedures included amongst others the following: I evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of controls over estimation of impairment, which included assessing the level of oversight, review and approval of provision for impairment policies and procedures by the Board

- and management. I checked the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data used in the impairment computation by agreeing details to relevant
- source documents and accounting records of the Company. I also checked the underlying calculations. In addition to the above, the following procedures were
- performed: For loans & receivables assessed on an individual basis for
- I assessed the reasonableness and timeliness of Management's internal assessments of credit quality based on the borrower's particular circumstances.
- I evaluated the reasonableness of key inputs used in the allowance for impairment made with particular focus on the ongoing impact of COVID-19. Such evaluations were carried out considering value and timing of cash flow forecasts, elevated risk industries, status of recovery action and collateral
- For loans & receivables assessed on a collective basis for
- I tested the key calculations used in the allowance for
- I assessed whether judgments, estimates and assumptions used by the Management in the underlying methodology and the management overlays were reasonable. My testing included evaluating the reasonableness of forward-looking information used, economic scenarios considered, and probability weighting assigned to each of those scenarios.

I assessed the adequacy of the related financial statement disclosures as set out in Notes 3.5.11, 12, 23 and 49.2.

My audit procedures included the following, - I obtained an understanding of the internal control environment

values.

- of the processes relating to financial reporting and related disclosures.
- I identified and test checked relevant controls of key IT systems related to the Company's financial reporting process.
- I involved my internal specialized resources to evaluate the design and operating effectiveness of IT controls, including those related to user access and change management. I also obtained an understanding, primarily through inquiry, of
- the cyber security risks affecting the Company and the actions taken to address these risks. Further, I checked changes if any have been made to security monitoring procedures, given the increase use of remote working access including the Company's monitoring on remote working activities.

# 1.4 Other information included in the Group's 2021 Annual Report

The other information comprises the information included in the Group's 2021 Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon, which is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report. Management is responsible for the other information. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and  $\mathbf{I}$  do not express any form of

assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent

with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated When I read the Company's 2021 Annual Report, if I conclude that there are material misstatements therein, I am required to communicate that matter to those charged with governance for correction. If further material uncorr sstatements are existed those will be included in my report to Parliament in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (6) of the Constitution that will be tabled in due course.

## 1.5 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Stateme

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and the Group's financial reporting

As per Section 16(1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, the Group is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic Financial Statements to be prepared of the Group. 1.6 Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

### $My \ objective \ is \ to \ obtain \ reasonable \ assurance \ about \ whether \ the \ financial \ statements \ as \ a \ whole \ are \ free \ from \ an a \ and \ an a \ an a \ and \ an a \ a$

material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain

essional scepticism throughout the audit. I also · Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,

- design and perform audit protectional installation to the installation assembler, whether due to relate of entry, design and perform audit protections responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
- appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management. Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based
- Conduce on the appropriateness of the management suse of the going concern basis of accomming and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that
- achieves fair presentation. I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

2. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

### National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018 and Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007 include specific provisions for

- 2.1.1 I have obtained all the information and explanation that required for the audit and as far as appears from my examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company as per the requirement of section 163 (2) (d) of the Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007 and the section 12 (a) of National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.1.2 The financial statements of the Company comply with the requirement of section 151 of the Companies Act, No. 07 of 2007. 2.1.3 The financial statements presented is consistent with the preceding year as per the requirement of section
- 6 (1) (d) (iii) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018. 2.1.4 The financial statements presented includes all the recommendations made by me in the previous year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (iv) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.2 Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained were limited to matters that are material, nothing has come to my attention;
- 2.2.1 to state that any member of the governing body of the Company has any direct or indirect interest in any contract entered into by the Company which are out of the normal course of business as per the requirement of section 12 (d) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.2.2 to state that the Company has not complied with any applicable written law, general and special directions issued by the governing body of the Company as per the requirement of the section 12 (f) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018 except for non-compliances that are material are given below,
- 2.2.3 to state that the Company has not performed according to its powers, functions and duties as per the requirement of section 12 (g) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- 2.2.4 to state that the resources of the Company had not been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws as per the requirement of section 12 (h) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

W.P.C.Wickramaratne Auditor Genera

E-mail

Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance PLC (Subsidiary of Bank of Ceylon)

**BOC** Merchant Tower,

Web Site : www.mbslbank.com

No. 28, St. Michael's Road, Colombo 03, Sri Lanka. Tel: 011 4 711 711, Fax: 011 4 711 765 : mbslbank@mbslbank.com

P I Kandanaarachchi Head of Finance 30/03/2022

(Sgd.)

Chief Executive Officer 30/03/2022